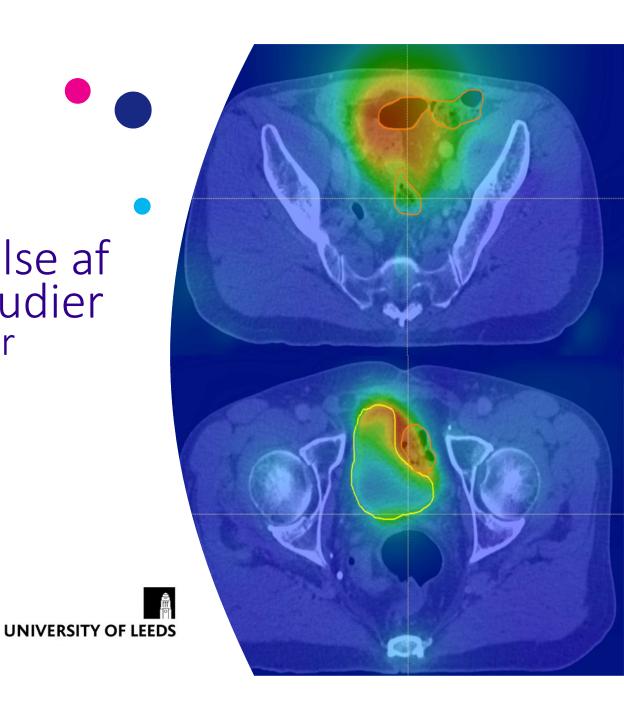
# Systematisk inddragelse af patienter i kliniske studier – engelske erfaringer

Ane Appelt
Associate Professor, University of Leeds
Danske Kræftforskningsdage 2022
@cancerphysicist



Together we will beat cancer

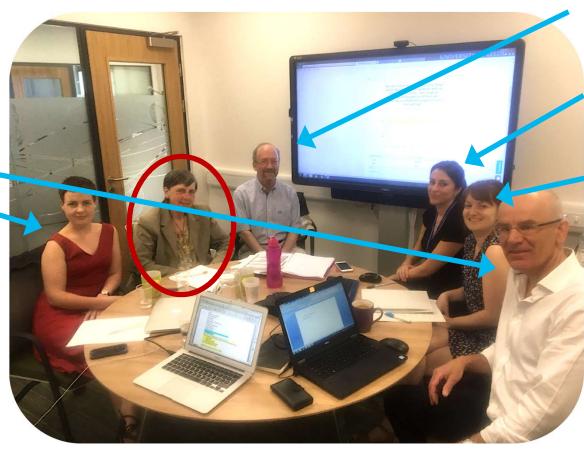




# APHRODITE – sidste møde inden fondsansøgning

Primære investigatorer

Monica Jefford Patientrepræsentant



Professor i onkologi

Senior trial manager Statistiker





Information og viden om forskning formidles til offentligheden

Engagement

VS

Inddragelse

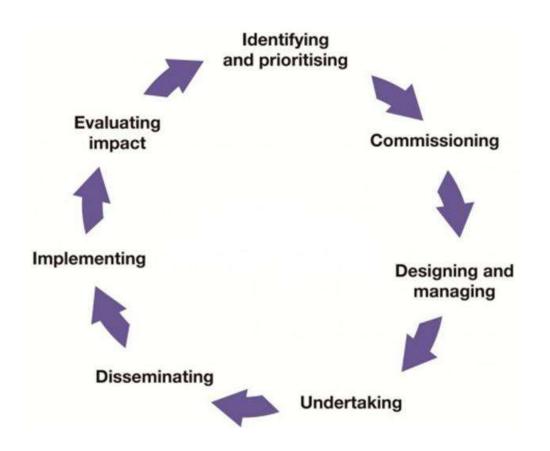
Patienter er aktivt involveret i at planlægge & gennemføre forskning

Deltagelse

Deltagelse i forskningsprojekt – f.eks. som del af behandling

NIHR INVOLVE - www.invo.org.uk

## SYSTEMATISK BIDRAG TIL ALLE ASPEKTER AF FORSKNING



## PATIENTINDFLYDELSE - PRIORITERING AF FORSKNING



- Åbent arrangement "hvad skal vi priotisere indenfor forskning i tarmkræft?"
- 360 deltagere patienter, pårørende og andre
- 25 forskningsspørgsmål
- "Hvor vigtigt er dette?" scoret på 5-punkt skala

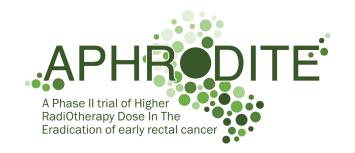
Tiernan et al. Use of a modified Delphi approach to develop research priorities for the association of coloproctology of Great Britain and Ireland. Colorectal Dis. 2014

## PATIENTINDFLYDELSE - PRIORITERING AF FORSKNING



# #1 spørgsmål

'hvordan behandler vi bedst tidlig endetarmskræft?'

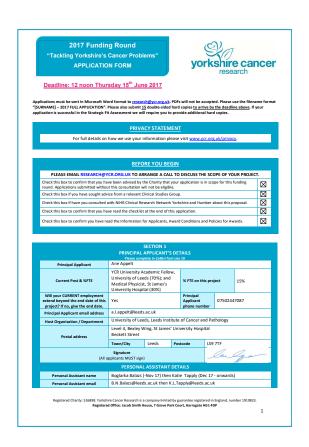


# PATIENTREPRÆSENTANT PÅ FONDSANSØGNING



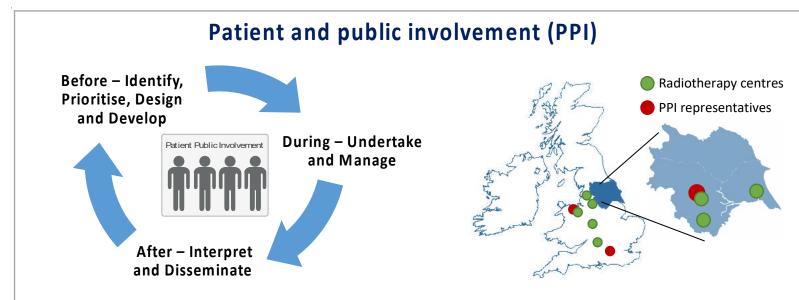






Medansøger på fondsansøgning

## PROSPEKTIV PLAN FOR PATIENTINDDRAGELSE



#### Before

- PPI integral to all aspects of study design
- Patient with bowel cancer and established PPI portfolio closely involved
- Contribution to proposal, protocol, patient info, consent form, patient information sheet, questionnaires, newsletter

#### During

- PPI membership of Trial Management Group and meeting attendance
- Assurance of user friendly interature, with continuous review
- Challenges identified and dealt with at earliest stage
- Research buddies visit recruiting sites and 'report back'
- Partner in patient perspective survey implementation

#### After

- Contribution to data analysis as guided by researcher
- Comment on any lay publication
- Presentation of findings in user friendly format
- Presentation and discussion across venues
- Involvement with bowel cancer community; talks at patient forums
- Development of next stage of research with continuing PPI input

### GENNEMSYN AF PATIENTMATERIALE







 $Study\ Title: \underline{A}\ \underline{P}hase\ II\ trial\ of\ \underline{H}igher\ \underline{R}adi\underline{O}therapy\ \underline{D}ose\ \underline{In}\ \underline{T}he\ \underline{E}radication\ of\ early\ rectal\ cancer$ 

#### What is the APHRODITE study?

- We would like a total of 104 volunteers, like you, who have early rectal (back passage) cancer and are not suitable for surgery, to take part in APHRODITE.
- Patients with your type of cancer, who can't have surgery, are offered treatment using chemotherapy and radiotherapy, Both of these work to kill cancer cells.
- This study wants to find out if a higher dose (amount) of the radiotherapy is better than a standard dose of radiotherapy, and if the higher dose of radiotherapy could improve the chance of the cancer completely disappearing.
- In this study you will be randomised to either the higher radiotherapy dose group or the standard
  radiotherapy dose group. 'Randomised' means that a computer will select at random which group you go in
  to. We need to randomise all of our volunteers so that we get the best quality results about the medicines we
  are treating you with. Two thirds of volunteers will get the higher dose and one third the standard dose.

#### What is involved? - Before you enter

 Before you can go into the study you will need to sign a Consent Form. The Consent Form and Patient Information Sheets, which your doctor will provide, contain all the information you need to know before you enter the study. Please take as much time as you need to look at all the information and ask as many questions as you would like before deciding. It is completely your decision whether to enter into this study. If you do decide to enter then you and your doctor will go through your Consent Form together.

#### On the study

- Once you start the study, we will treat your cancer with radiotherapy over 5.5 weeks (Monday to Friday, with
  your weekends free). You will need to be treated with some chemotherapy (drug treatment) during the
  radiotherapy. This can either be in tablet form, or injected directly into your vein. Alternatively, if your doctor
  does not feel that you are suitable to receive chemotherapy, then you may be treated with radiotherapy
  alone, without any additional chemotherapy.
- We would also like you to complete some questionnaires, one eligibility questionnaire and then a quality of life questionnaire at the start of your treatment and then at the end of your 5.5 weeks of treatment.
- We will keep checking that you are ok during the trial and keep carrying out some tests during your treatment to keep a close eye on your progress.

#### Once your treatment finishes

We would like to continue to monitor your progress once your treatment has ended, so we will arrange a
telephone appointment with your research nurse 2 weeks after you finish your radiotherapy. From then on
you will have regular follow up appointments at the hospital with your doctor at 3, 6, 9, 12 and 24 months
following the start of your treatment.

#### What I should be aware of?

You may have some days where you feel unwell whilst receiving your radiotherapy with or without additional
chemotherapy. We have listed some of the symptoms you may experience in your Patient Information Sheet.
Your research nurse and doctors will ask you about any symptoms you may have had so that we can keep a
record of them. You will be offered treatment to help reduce any unpleasant treatment-related symptoms
that you might experience.



Key Facts Sheet, version 0.2, 31st October 2018



#### **Key Facts**



Study Title: APhase II trial of Higher RadiOtherapy Dose In The Eradication of early rectal cancer

#### What is the APHRODITE study?

- We would like a total of104 volunteers, like you, who have early rectal (back passage) cancer and are not suitable for surgery, to take part in a study called APHRODITE.
- Patients with your type of cancer, who can't have surgery, are offered treatment using chemotherapy (drug treatment) and radiotherapy. —B both of which these work to kill cancer cells.
- This study wants to find out if a higher dose (amount) of the radiotherapy is better than a standard dose of
  radiotherapy, and if it the higher dose of radiotherapy could improve the chance of the cancer completely
  disappearing.
- In this study you will be randomised to either the higher rediotherapy-dase-group or the standard radiotherapy dose group. 'Randomised' means that a computer will select at random which group you go in to. We need to randomise all of our volunteers so that we get the best quality results about the medicines (Choice of word not helpful, may not see radiotherapy as this. As dose under question maybe this would be a reasonable substitute. If prefer "medicines" include earlier, in brackets after "chemotherapy and radiotherapy" above.) we are treating you with. Two thirds of volunteers will get the higher dose and one third the standard dose.

#### What is involved? - Before you enter

- Before you can go into the study you will need to sign a Consent Form. The Consent Form and Patient
  Information Sheets, which your doctor will provide, contain all the information you need to know before you
  enter the study. (\* Suggest the version below for 1\*0.2 sentences.) Please take as much time as you need to
  look at all the information and ask (Who of and how ?) as many questions as you would like before deciding.
  It is completely your own decision whether to enter into this study. If you do decide to enter then you and
  your doctor will go through your Consent Form together.
  - \* Before you enter the study you will need to sign a Consent Form. This will be given to you, by your doctor, with a Patient Information Sheet that will contain all the information you need to know about the study.

#### On the study

- Once you start the study, we will treat your cancer with radiotherapy over 5.5 (5.1/2 maybe better) weeks (Monday to Friday, with your weekends free) and "You willneed to be treated with some chemotherapy (drug treatment) during the radiotherapy. This latter can either be in tablet form, or injected directly into your vein. Alternatively, if your doctor does not feel that you are suitable to receive chemotherapy, then you may be treated with radiotherapy alone—without any additional-themotherapy.
- We would also like you to complete two some eligibility questionnaires, one eligibility questionnaire and two then a quality of life ones questionnaire both at the start of your Treatment and then again at the end of your 5-6 weeks of treatment. (Will participants know what an "eligibility questionnaire" is?)
- We will keep checking that you are ok OK during the trial study (Semantic consistency helpful.) and keep
  carrying out some tests (Which ones?) during your treatment to keep a close eye (What does this mean?)
  on your progress. Rather 'flippant.' It is to be hoped that all patients are monitored (closely) during any Rx.
  Perhaps here be specific and why or say what mean.

#### Once your treatment finishes

We would like to continue to monitor your progress once your treatment has ended, so we will arrange a
telephone appointment with your research nurse 2 weeks after you finish your radiotherapy. From then on



Sovina Undedoire Core

Key Facts Sheet, version 0.2, 31st October 2018

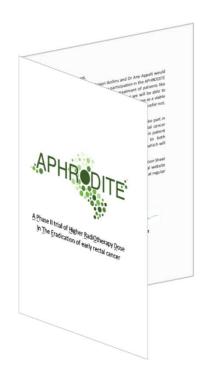
## YDERLIGERE PATIENTMATERIALE

### Website

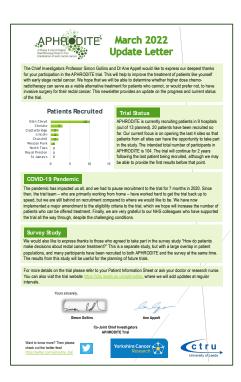
# A Phase II trial of Higher RadiOtherapy Dose In The Eradication of early rectal cancer IRAS ID: 250957 Hello and thank you for taking the time to visit the APHRODITE website. Here you will find useful information about the APHRODITE trial. If you are taking part in the trial, we would like to say a huge THANK YOU for your help in developing ways in which we can improve cancer treatments.

https://ctru.leeds.ac.uk/aphrodite/

## Thank you cards



### Newsletter



Open access Protocol

# BMJ Open A Phase II trial of Higher RadiOtherapy Dose In The Eradication of early rectal cancer (APHRODITE): protocol for a multicentre, open-label randomised controlled trial

Eleanor M Hudson , <sup>1</sup> Samantha Noutch, <sup>1</sup> Sarah Brown , <sup>1</sup> Ravi Adapala, <sup>2</sup> Simon P Bach, <sup>3</sup> Carole Burnett, Alwyn Burrage, <sup>5</sup> Alexandra Gilbert, <sup>6</sup> Maria Hawkins , <sup>7</sup> Debra Howard, <sup>8</sup> Monica Jefford, <sup>9</sup> Rohit Kochhar, <sup>10</sup> Mark Saunders, <sup>11</sup> Jenny Seligmann, <sup>7</sup> Alexandra Smith, <sup>1</sup> Mark Teo, <sup>4</sup> Edward JD Webb, <sup>12</sup> Amanda Webster, <sup>8</sup> Nicholas West, <sup>6</sup> David Sebag-Montefiore, <sup>6</sup> Simon Gollins, <sup>13</sup> Ane L Appelt

Så hvordan støtter man bedst op om (mere) patientindragelse i klinisk forskning????

# GØR DET NEMT!

(AT KOMME I GANG)

Sørg for at de rette strukturer og støtte er til rådighed – for forskere OG patientrepræsentanter

# LEEDS RADIOTHERAPY RESEARCH PATIENT & PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT GROUP

Hyppige møder (6x årligt)



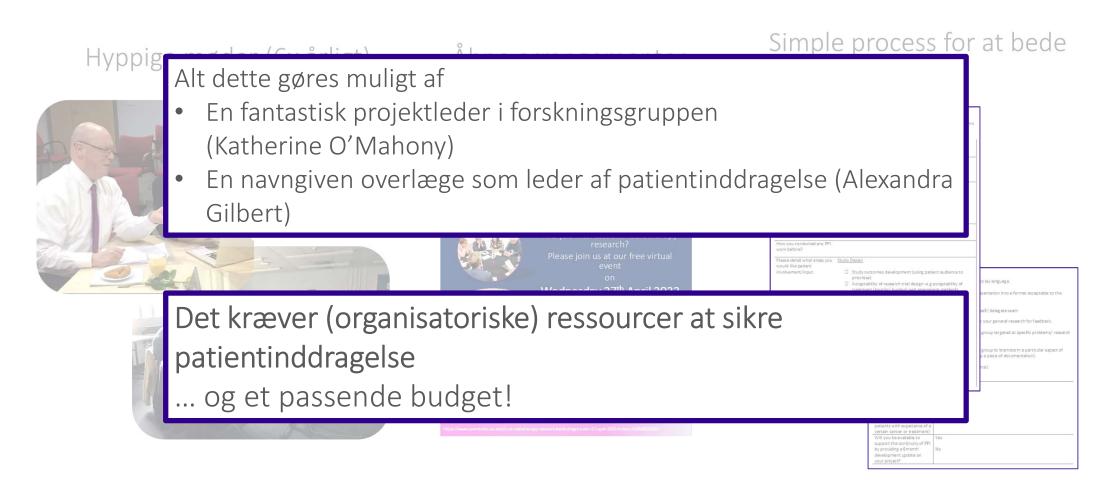
Åbne arrangementer



# Simpel proces for at bede om hjælp

Padiothorany Po	coarch Dation	at Involvement Applicati	ion Form	7
Radiotherapy Research Patient Involvement Application Form  Correspondence: <u>k.m.omahony@leeds.ac.uk.</u> If you would prefer to populate this form over MSteams				
this is also an option.				
Main contact/ CI (inc. email)				
Title of project				
Research question				
Research design/ study type				
Please detail current application stage (select one)	Early Development Pre-award			
	Post-award			
Project Lay Summary (200wd max)				
How you conducted any PPI work before?				
Please detail what areas you would like patient involvement/input	Study Design			to lay language sentration into a format acceptable to the self/delegate team nyour general research for feedback. group targeted at specific problems/ research
	Other (specify)			group to brainstorm a particular aspect of
Do you require support with lay language writing for the study?	Y/N			p a piece of documentation). mail.
Do you require support with Y- Presentation slides from a protocol/ other material				
		working towards a specific grant deadline please give details)	Date 2: Date 3:	_
		Do you prefer we engage a specific audience (i.e. patients with experience of a certain cancer or treatment)	If Y-detail Yes No	
		Will you be available to support the continuity of PPI by providing a 6month development update on your project?		

# LEEDS RADIOTHERAPY RESEARCH PATIENT & PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT GROUP



# DET ER DET HELE VÆRD!



Crocker et al. Impact of patient and public involvement on enrolment and retention in clinical trials: systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ. 2018;363:k4738. Brett et al. Mapping the impact of patient and public involvement on health and social care research: a systematic review. Health Expect. 2014 Oct;17(5):637-50. Brett Jet al. A systematic review of the impact of patient and public involvement on service users, researchers and communities. Patient. 2014;7(4):387-95.

# TAK!

Til vores fantastiske patientrepræsentanter
Til alle mine kollegaer som bidrager til arbejdet
med patientinddragelse

Ane Appelt
Associate Professor, University of Leeds
Danske Kræftforskningsdage 2022
@cancerphysicist



